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Reminder: This is a point in time evaluation and this Green Evaluation was issued over 18 months ago.

Green Evaluation

Greater Orlando Aviation Authority Priority Subordinated Airport Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A

Transaction Overview

The Greater Orlando Aviation Authority (GOAA) controls and operates Orlando International Airport (MCO). GOAA is issuing the series 2017A bonds to finance a portion of the costs of its South Terminal Complex (STC) project. The approximately US\$1 billion in Series 2017A bonds will mature on Oct. 1, 2052. Specifically, the bonds will finance portions of the construction costs of five new buildings and several enabling projects. The buildings within the STC have been designed and will be constructed in line with Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Version 4 standards. Bond proceeds will be applied directly to the project, to fund debt service reserve and capitalized interest funds, to refinance line of credit draws associated with the project's financing, and to pay the cost of issuance. Although the bonds will not be labeled green bonds, none of the proceeds will be applied to projects outside the scope of the STC project. As such, our Green Evaluation applies to the full par amount of \$997 million.

Entity: Greater Orlando Aviation Authority

ICB subsector: N.A.

Location (HQ): United States
Financing value: \$997 million

Amount evaluated: 100%

Evaluation date: Aug. 21, 2017

Contact: Andrew Bredeson

(303) 721-4825

andrew.bredeson@spglobal.com

Green Evaluation Overview

Transaction's Trans	parency				
Use of proceeds reportingReporting comprehensiveness					
Transaction's Gover	nance				
Management of proceedsImpact Assessment Structure					85
Mitigation					
Sector	\rightarrow	Net Benefit Ranking	\rightarrow	Hierarchy adjustment	84
Green buildings		New build - commercial		Carbon	
Adaptation					NA



Project Description

The STC project carries an estimated cost of \$2.15 billion with an estimated completion date of October 2020. The project involves the construction of five new facilities including over 1.6 million square feet of terminal space, as well as the expansion of an existing parking complex. Several enabling projects including clearing and grading of the land to be developed, roadway and bridge construction, and installation of utilities to serve the complex are also part of the project.

The series 2017A bonds will provide just under 40% of the STC project's total estimated funding needs. GOAA plans to cover the remainder of the project's costs with Federal Aviation Authority (FAA) grant proceeds, passenger facility charge (PFC) revenues, customer facility charges (CFCs) and additional airport revenue bonds. All buildings constructed under the STC project have been designed and we expect them to be constructed according to the U.S. Green Building Certification's (USGBC) LEED Version 4 standards. Management estimates the buildings will attain LEED ratings at the level of Certified, the lowest of the four certification levels available under LEED's Building Design and Construction rating system. GOAA currently utilizes the Energy Star Portfolio Manager system to track building energy use intensity and water usage for several of its existing buildings. The authority plans to monitor and report internally its energy and water usage metrics from the date of occupancy of the buildings within the STC complex for the economic life of the assets. The data will also be available to the USGBC.

GOAA's approach to the STC project reflects management's efforts to align its capital planning with priorities outlined in its public board-adopted 2014 Sustainability Management Plan (SMP). The SMP outlines nine key initiatives to guide the authority's operations and capital planning. These initiatives include the improvement of sustainable construction, engineering and design practices, a reduction in water consumption and energy use intensities, and a reduction in solid waste going to landfills.

Scoring Summary

This transaction achieves an overall Green Evaluation score of E1/78, which is the strongest Green Evaluation score on our scale of E1 (highest) to E4 (lowest). We determined this score by taking a weighted average of the transaction's excellent Governance (85) and fair Transparency (44) assessments and its robust Mitigation score (84). In our view, the project's expected reductions in water and energy usage compared to building projects that are not designed

and constructed according to similar environmental standards place this project towards the top end of scores for Green Buildings.

Rationale

- We expect all funds raised will be applied to the STC new-build project. We understand that the South Terminal has been designed and is expected to meet LEED Version 4 standards post-construction. The financing achieves a relatively strong net benefit ranking due to the medium-high carbon intensity of the state-level electric grid in Florida. The relatively higher carbon intensity of the state's electric grid is a key factor influencing the net benefit ranking, and contributes to driving this project's net benefit ranking higher than other green building projects.
- The excellent governance score reflects the intent to track environmental impact of the STC project required for LEED certification and the framework in place to manage proceeds.
- An absence of a commitment to publically report on a regular basis the environmental impacts specific to this financing (as opposed to reporting on an aggregate level for the entire airport) is reflected in the fair Transparency score.

Key Strengths And Weaknesses

The full amount of the series 2017A bond proceeds will be applied to the STC project, a multi-building complex that we expect will adhere to the lowest LEED standard. The use of LEED as a design and construction standard and the resulting environmental benefit over the life of the complex are key assumptions to our evaluation. Even as GOAA is pursuing the lowest available LEED designation, the buildings within the STC are anticipated to result in lower carbon emissions and water usage than conventional buildings.

Our evaluation of green building projects considers two primary environmental key performance indicators for new buildings built within the specifications of globally accepted green building certifications (i.e., LEED): avoided carbon emissions resulting from relatively higher degrees of energy efficiency; and to a lesser extent reduced water usage. The expected avoided carbon emissions accruing from the STC project carry added significance in our evaluation, given the medium-high degree of carbon intensity in the electric grid in Florida.

The financing's governance framework is a primary strength under our Green Evaluation. We believe the financing structure provides

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strong protections that will prevent bond proceeds from being diverted to other purposes outside the STC project.

Our evaluation of the management of proceeds and impact assessment practices associated with this financing results in an excellent Governance score. The score is a result of a combination of factors including the depositing of bond proceeds into a separate account restricted to STC project purposes, the ability to demonstrate that proceeds will not be applied for purposes outside the STC project, and GOAA's intention to measure energy and water usage savings for the economic life of the projects. We furthermore view favorably GOAA's plans to publically report, through open public meetings, all expenditures made from series 2017A bond proceeds on a project-level basis.

The authority plans to monitor energy and water usage savings for the economic life of the buildings. GOAA is targeting 20% energy savings for the new buildings compared to a baseline, higher than the 16% required to meet the targeted level of LEED certification.

While we note the authority plans to track energy and water use savings for internal and LEED-reporting purposes, we believe this financing's transparency is satisfactory but not as strong as financings where project-specific environmental impacts are tracked and publicly reported on a regular basis. Though the authority will track, using Energy Star Portfolio Manager, the

estimated energy and water usage savings for each building in the STC, it has not committed to publicly reporting metrics related to the savings accruing from the STC project components funded by this transaction. The design and implementation of the STC reflects management's alignment of capital planning with the initiatives of its SMP. The SMP outlines GOAA's intentions to monitor and reduce energy and water usage, in addition to its commitment to requiring that building projects achieve LEED certification whenever possible. Demonstrating its commitment to tracking and reporting environmental outcomes on an aggregate basis, the authority publishes an annual "Sustainability Performance Report Card," which highlights metrics including diverted solid waste, reduced energy use intensities, and water usage savings.

The financing's satisfactory Transparency as evaluated under our Green Evaluation reflects several factors. It benefits from GOAA's intention to report the allocation of bond proceeds at the STC project level on a quarterly basis through meetings open to the public, as it does for projects related to past financings. We also understand that the energy and water savings and associated environmental impact at the STC level will be tracked internally. However, although we expect GOAA will continue to report environmental impacts on an aggregate basis for the airport complex, it has not committed to regular public reporting of the environmental impact specific to this financing.

Project level scores

Sector	Location	Technology	Use of Proceeds (US\$ Mil.)	Use of Proceeds treatment	Net Benefit Ranking
Green buildings	Florida	New build - commercial	997.00	Estimated	70
			997.00		

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Green Evaluation Process

44

Transparency

85

Governance

84
Mitigation

Weighted aggregate of three (Transparency + Governance + Mitigation)

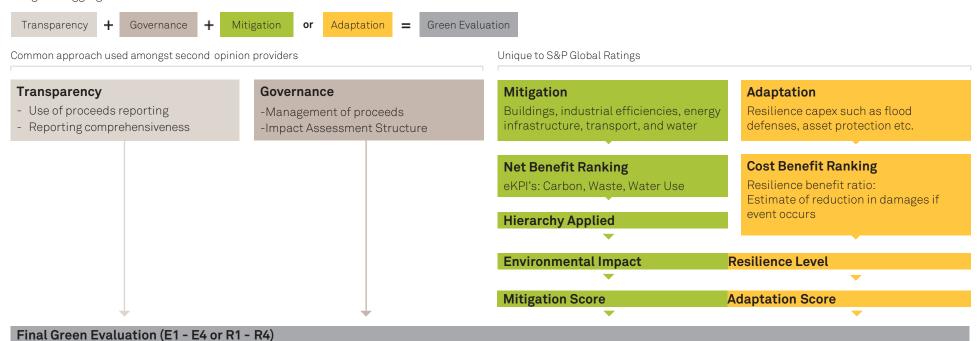
E1/78
Overall score

Baseline carbon **Net Benefit** Carbon hierarchy Environmental **Proceeds** Technology intensity adjustment Ranking **Impact Score** (US\$ Mil.) Florida, U.S. Extremely High • Wind power Systemic decarbonization Solar power Small hydro Large hydro (excluding tropical areas) Energy management and control Unspecified Increasing Decarbonization Impact Green transport without fossil fuel combustion Significant decarbonization in sectors already aligned with a green economy 70 84 Green buildings - new build 997 Unspecified Energy efficiency (industrial and appliance efficiencies) Alleviating emissions of existing carbon-intense industries Green transport with fossil fuel combustion Green buildings refurbishment Unspecified Nuclear Decarbonization technologies with significant environmental hazards Large hydro in tropical areas Coal to natural gas Improvement of fossil-fueled activities' environmental efficiency Cleaner fuel production Cleaner use of coal Unspecified **Baseline Net Benefit** Water hierarchy Environmental **Proceeds** Technology Impact Score water stress adiustment Ranking (US\$ Mil.)

Water

Our Green Evaluation Approach

Weighted aggregate of three:



eKPI - Environmental Key Performance Indicator

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